A Clinical Evaluation of an Automated Software Program (Certegra® P3T® PA) for Patient Specific Contrast Injection During Chest CTA to Exclude Pulmonary Embolism

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INTRODUCTION

The role of CT angiography (CTA) has been well established in the detection of pulmonary thromboembolism. According to the PIOPED II study, CTA overall sensitivity and specificity is 83% and 96% respectively.1, 2 Optimizing contrast injection and scanning parameters has become of increased importance with the faster multidetector scanners to achieve diagnostic quality images.2-6 The purpose of our study is to assess if a prototype automated software program for patient specific contrast injection, Certegra® P3T® PA (Pulmonary Angiography), Medrad, Inc., Pittsburgh, PA, is comparable to or offers advantages over our site specific standard protocol used for chest CTA to exclude pulmonary embolism (PE).

METHODS AND MATERIALS

62 emergency department patients referred for chest CTA to exclude PE underwent informed consent for this study and were randomized to Certegra® P3T® PA versus Standard (control) groups. All had 18 gauge IV access, received the contrast agent Ioversol (350mg/ml iodine; Mallinckrodt, St Louis, MO) and were scanned on one 64 slice CT scanner (VCT, GE Healthcare; Milwaukee, WI) by selected technologists monitored by selected investigators (JL, CD, JA). Scan parameters: 0.625 mm collimation; 0.24 pitch; 9.6 mm/sec table speed; 350 msec rotation time; 120 kV; 280 - 550 mAs. Recorded patient parameters: height, weight, age, sex and heart rate.

CTA Standard Group: Test bolus = 20cc contrast/ 50cc saline flush @ 4cc/sec to time for main pulmonary artery (MPA). Scan delay = time to contrast peak MPA + 9 seconds. Scan bolus = 80cc contrast/ 50cc saline flush @ 4cc/sec.

CTA Certegra® P3T® PA Group: As a safety measure, a default max which allowed injection rate of 6cc/sec was pre-selected. Height, weight, age, sex, heart rate and scan duration were entered into Certegra® P3T® PA which generated test bolus parameters. From the test bolus, time to peak and peak density (HU) in the MPA were entered into Certegra® P3T® PA which generated scan bolus and scan delay parameters.

Data Collection/Analysis: Two readers, blinded to injection method, jointly measured density (HU) of main (MPA, RPA, LPA) and segmental pulmonary arteries (bilateral upper and lower lobes), and SVC. Three other blinded readers qualitatively scored scans compared to an “adequate” example for image quality to assess for PE, noting limitations: poor contrast, motion, quantum mottle, SVC streak and artifact. The mean and standard deviation for each group was calculated separately. Statistical analysis was performed with the Student’s t-test, and the Wilcoxon rank sum test.

Figure 2: Certegra® P3T® PA Scans

BMI 17.5
HR 96 bpm
CO ~4.25 L/min
Contrast volume: 78 cc

BMI 24.9
HR 100 bpm
CO ~6.2 L/min
Contrast volume: 86 cc

BMI 20.5
HR 89 bpm
CO ~7.12 L/min
Contrast volume: 87 cc

Estimated cardiac output was computed using standard look-up tables
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Table 1: Comparison of Certegra® P3T® PA Enhancement (t-test)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Certegra® P3T® PA</th>
<th>Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>300 pound</td>
<td>295 pound</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contrast</td>
<td>116 cc</td>
<td>80 cc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main PA HU</td>
<td>274</td>
<td>171</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3: Certegra® P3T® PA versus Standard

- **Certegra® P3T® PA population**: 20 women, 11 men
  - Age: mean 43.7 yrs (range: 20-76)
  - Weight: mean 180 lbs +/- 59, median 172 lbs
  - BMI: mean 29 +/- 9, median 26
- **Higher average image quality score of Certegra® P3T® PA exams (mean 4.2 +/- 0.8) vs. Standard exams (mean 3.6 +/- 1.2) (p<0.05; Wilcoxon rank sum)**
- **Higher percentage of exams ranked as diagnostic without limitation (positive or negative for PE) in the Certegra® P3T® PA exams (100%) vs. Standard exams (73%*) (p < 0.05 Wilcoxon rank sum)**
  * Contrast related problems (63%) were most frequent factors cited for scan limitation
- **Average contrast dose (test + scan) for Certegra® P3T® PA scans was higher (114mls +/- 12mls: range 76-152) vs Standard scans (100 mls) (z-score 6.6,p<.001,1 sample z-test)**

CONCLUSIONS
In this small study, the prototype Certegra® P3T® PA automated software program for patient specific contrast injection offered improved, more consistent contrast enhancement of the target pulmonary arteries over a variety of patient specific parameters. There was a higher percentage of diagnostic quality exams albeit at a slightly higher contrast dose than our site’s standard protocol used to exclude PE.

REFERENCES